

Effectiveness Verification Implementation Method (Verification implemented in fiscal 2021 and January 2021)

This effectiveness verification is conducted to find out the continuous effectiveness of infringement prevention measures taken in the CtoC (consumer-to-consumer) markets on the Internet such as auction and flea markets (from here on referred to as “CtoC markets”) by numerically measuring how many infringing goods and infringements currently exist in the CtoC markets.

Description

Date and Frequency of Verification: Any one day during the period from January 5 to 29 in 2021, regardless of time and day of the week. This will not preclude verification more than once during this period.

Services: Auction

- Yahuoku!
- Mobaoku!

Flea markets

- mercari
- Rakuma
- Shoppies
- Fleama jp
- KANTE (KOMEHYO flea market app)
- PayPay Fleama

KANTE may be excluded from verification of copyright prevention due to characteristics of their products which are mainly second-hand goods.

This will not preclude conducting a voluntary fact-finding

survey on any other services in the CtoC markets, shopping malls and the BtoB (business-to-business) marketplaces.

Verification Items: Relevant organizations and companies will decide which of their goods should be verified. However, they are to select the goods where a fixed-point, long-term verification is possible. This is because the same goods have to be verified in all CtoC markets and a similar verification is necessary in the future as well. This will not prevent them from choosing goods which are different from those in the previous fiscal year.

In addition, the popularity of the item in the market will be taken into account when choosing the goods for verification.

Attention: Names of companies or brands which are related to the chosen goods do not have to be made public. However, it is unavoidable to release some information such as “a well-known U.S. maker of spreadsheet business software” etc. Therefore, it is better to get consent from relevant companies beforehand.

Methodology: The effectiveness rate will be calculated by dividing the number of infringing goods and acts of infringements by the verification parameter.

Example: If 10 infringing goods are found among 100 items, the infringement rate will be 10%.

If the number of goods for verification at the CtoC markets exceeds 100, the verification parameter will be 100. In this case, the top 100 items in a search list (such as a list ranked by remaining time or a randomly created list) will be verified.

Note: In order to compare and analyze the verification results every year and adopt equal conditions, those who verify should try to use a list ranked by timing of the offer made with the oldest one coming as near to the top and to verify the first 100 items from the list.

In spite of the foregoing, if the number of verification items at CtoC markets exceeds 100, verifying more than 100 items will not be precluded.

Voluntary verification: The voluntary verification, including the methods below, will not be precluded. However, each method should be clearly explained.

Some methods: To find other methods for the future and also to examine trends of infringement and probabilities in CtoC markets, (1) to make a list of goods for verification at a certain time and check if they are removed or not after a certain interval and (2) to verify 100 goods choosing from the newest results.

Judgment Criteria: Any items that should be counted as infringing goods or exhibits of goods that infringe when they **are deemed to be infringing copyrights and/or trademarks based on on-screen texts or images and, at the same time, Rights Holders have to be able to make suspension requests to CtoC market operators.** Information on screen includes not only those listed in searches but also information on individual good's screens.

If a selected item infringes both a copyright and a trademark, it will be counted as an infringement of either of them.

The nature of the infringement will be indicated in the attached Excel spreadsheet.

Note: Any items which may violate the Unfair Competition Prevention Act will not be counted because we cannot make a definitive judgment due to the nature of the Act.

However, the following goods' data will be counted separately from the above data. **These are the goods that have no direct grounds for infringement in the provided information (when checked against the Guidelines, etc.) that would allow CtoC operators to remove them as infringing goods but have characteristics as in the following: (1) Goods which are deemed to have infringed a copyright or trademark as a result of appraisal of on-screen texts and images by Rights Holders and if the Rights Holders make a request for removal, CtoC operators can take action for removal (“Infringing Goods Without Notice”), or (2) goods which are deemed as without doubt being infringing goods if the Rights Holders purchase and appraise the goods based on various pieces of information (“Goods With a High Probability of Infringement”).**

If any issues of concern arise during verification, it can be indicated in the margin by using a special note.

For example, there are some goods for which removal requests may not be issued as infringing goods when checked against the Guidelines. Therefore, they may not be the ones with a high probability of infringement, but it is assumed that illegal acts or rights-infringement acts have been committed.

**Recording
Method:**

Recording of the verification findings is voluntary. However, it is required to keep a record which is deemed as a reasonable proof to show to third parties that the verification results are based on actual work done.

Note: Proofs showing that the verification is implemented

should be kept on hand by the verifier.

Reporting Method: Fill out the attached Excel spreadsheet and submit it to the chief of the Rights Holders' side of the committee by February 2, 2021.